Topical challenges and recent advances in the environmental management of mines

Seminar: Building trust – how to improve the communication between mining industry and society 31.10.2017

email: soile.backnas@ely-keskus.fi

Kainuu ELY Centre

Soile Backnäs



## **Introduction - Mining in Finland and Fennoscandia**

- Mining has occurred in Finland since the 16th century
- Finland is one of Europe's largest producers of nickel, gold, chromite, copper and zinc
  - Currently there are 40 active metallic ore mines and projects in Finland
  - Over 100 closed and abandoned mines
  - 37 mine sites/53 waste areas with severe environmental effects
- GTK has published metallogenic map of Fennoscandia in December 2009 (updated May 2015)

http://en.gtk.fi/informationservices/databases/fodd/index.html http://gtkdata.gtk.fi/fmd/

- Altogether 1700 mines, deposits and significant metallogenic occurences
  - 61 % have not been exploited
  - $\rightarrow$  might well be economic in the future
- 71 active mines, 16 large closed mines, 54 large unexploited deposits and 56 potentially large deposits in the database based on the relative value of the in situ metal contents

#### Active Metal Ore Mines and Current Projects

#### January 2017

### **Precious Metals**

- 1. Iso-Kuotko gold Agnico-Eagle Ltd 2. Hanhimaa gold - Dragon Mining Ltd & Agnico-Eagle Ltd JV 3. Kittilä gold - Agnico-Eagle Ltd Kettukuusikko gold - Aurion Resources Ov 5. Naakenavaara gold - Sakumpu Exploration Oy 6. Kutuvuoma gold - Aurion Resources Oy 7. Rompas gold, uranium - Mawson Resources Ltd 8. Suhanko-Konttijärvi PGE - Gold Fields Arctic Platinum Oy 9. Kuusamo gold, cobalt - Nero Projects Australia Pty Ltd 10. Piilola gold - Mineral Exploration Network (Finland) Ltd 11. Taivaljärvi silver - Sotkamo Silver AB 12. Pampalo gold - Endomines Oy 13. Hattu Belt gold - Endomines Ov 14. Rämepuro gold - Endomines Ov 15. Osikonmäki gold - BR. Gold Mining Ov 16. Orivesi gold - Dragon Mining Oy 17. Jokisivu gold - Dragon Mining Oy 18. Kaapelinkulma gold - Dragon Mining Oy 19. Pahtavaara gold - Rubert Resources Ltd 20. Laiva gold - Nordic Mines Ab 21. Pentinsuo gold - Stonerol Oy 22. Satulinmäki-Riukka gold - Tammela Minerals Oy **Base Metals** 1. Riikonkoski copper, gold - Magnus Minerals Oy 2. Kevitsa nickel, copper, PGE - Boliden AB 3. Sakatti nickel, copper, PGE - AA Sakatti Mining Oy 4. Sodankylä nickel, copper, PGE - Magnus Minerals Oy 5. Läntinen Koillismaa (LK) nickel, PGE – Nickel One Resources Inc Kuhmo nickel - Boliden Kvlvlahti 7. Talvivaara nickel, zinc, copper - Terrafame Mining Oy
- 8. Pyhäsalmi zinc, copper, pyrite First Quantum Minerals Ltd
- 9. Kylylahti copper, gold, zinc, nickel, cobalt Boliden Kylylahti
- 10. Outokumpu copper FinnAust Mining Plc
- 11. Hammaslahti copper FinnAust Mining Plc
- 12. Valkeisenranta nickel, copper Boliden Kylylahti
- 13. Hautalampi cobalt, nickel, copper Alandra Oy

#### Diamond

1. Kuhmo - Karelian Diamond Resources Plc

#### Other Commodities

- 1. Kolari iron, gold, copper Hannukainen Mining O
- 2. Kemi chromium Outokumpu Chrome Oy
- 3. Mustavaara vanadium Mustavaaran Kaivos Oy Otanmäki vanadium, iron, titanium - Vuorokas Oy







Land Tenure 20 January 2017 (from Tukes)



# Mine specialization program - Aims to increase special know-how of mine environmental safety

- Close cooperation with research institutes and universities
  - Following latest R&D
- Expert service review of plans and reports, statements of EIA and permit applications
- Participation into EU working groups (BREF document)
- Best available techniques (BAT) and Best environmental practices (BEP)
  - $\rightarrow$  Share information on BAT technologies and good practices
- Video lectures, workshops and seminars
- Focus in:
  - Mine waste management and recycling
  - Geotechnical waste facilities and dam safety
  - Mine water management, treatment and recycling
  - Contaminant migration in mining environment
  - Environmental effects to recipient rivers, lakes and groundwater
  - Environmental monitoring
  - Crisis/failure situations
  - Mine closure and rehabilitation
  - Juridical questions (e.g. bankruptcy situations, use of collateral security, environmental offences)
- $\rightarrow$  Improve quality of EIA process, mine environmental supervision and permitting of mines

## **Topical environmental challenges of mining**

- There are challenges during every phase of mining
  - Planning and feasibility
  - Construction
  - Production/operation
  - Closure and rehabilitation
- Recently some key challenges have been common for the mine projects
  - Construction and functionality of different geotechnical structures
    - Waste management facilities (WMF)
      - Tailings from flotation and leaching processes
      - Waste rock from mining
      - Residues from hydrometallurgical processes
      - Residues from water treatment
    - Water storage ponds
  - Waste management
    - Geochemical characteristics and long-term behavior
  - Water management and estimation of water balance
  - Management of environmental impacts (dust and water emissions)
  - Mine closure and rehabilitation



## Why do we have these challenges?

- Mine environmental safety is founded on successful planning and construction!
- Challenges:
  - Sufficient know-how for reliable planning?
  - Limited amount of experts
  - Retirement of key persons, sharing the know-how
  - Demanding weather conditions for construction
  - Funding
  - Poor assessment (wrong estimates) of environmental impacts may lead to challenges later in the mine project
    - → Problems in water management and inaccuracy in estimation of water balance
    - → Larger amount of waste water (increased load of contaminants)
- Lack of information on mine waste characteristics and/or hydrogeological conditions at the site
  - $\rightarrow$  Wrong design (and location) for geotechnical structures
    - Waste management facilities (WMF)
    - Water storage ponds
- Inaccurate estimation of contaminant mixing and dilution in recipient waters
  - $\rightarrow$  Increased effects (salinization etc)

# Means to minimize the challenges and improve environmental management?

### In general

- Reliable and competent consultant is needed
- Cooperation and competence of operators, consultants, authorities and contractors in key role
  - Continuous education important
- Transfer of knowledge and best environmental practices
- Activity of the operator towards the stakeholders is important for the acceptance of the mine project

### **Planning phase**

- Sufficient initial data of the project, information on local conditions
- Integration of environmental considerations into planning (project alternatives in EIA)
- Adequate and reliable knowledge on geotechnical and hydrogeological properties of foundation strata and construction materials
- Characterization of representable waste fractions
- Determination of availability and properties of construction materials
- Geotechnical facilities needs to be designed based on actual parameters not literature values
- Realible estimates of environmental loads and effects (EIA)
- Whole mine life-cycle and long-term stability aspect in planning of geotechnical facilities and waste and water management and treatment
  - $\rightarrow$  Important to predict how the project will develop  $\rightarrow$  Continuous update of plans, revision of plans
  - $\rightarrow$  Active sharing of information to authorities

# Means to minimize the challenges and improve environmental management?

### **Construction phase**

- Based on successful planning (design and construction standards)
- Realistic schedule to avoid changes in plans
- Competent quality control in significant role
- Important to share information between authorities, independent quality controller, mine company, contractors, etc

### **Production phase**

- Geotechnical facilities should be used for the planned purpose
- Environmental monitoring important to follow-up the management of environmental effects
- Up-to-date safety measures
- Life cycle approach
  - Risk and impact evaluation
  - Characterization and understanding the behavior of wastes and discharge waters
  - Iterative process originally performed in the planning and design phase, but renewed and reevaluated throughout the whole life cycle

 $\rightarrow$  Active sharing of expertice and knowledge on good practices

## Topical reports and guides for environmental impact assessment

- Guide: Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure for mining projects in Finland (2015)
  - <u>https://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/handle/10024/75012</u> (fin)
  - <u>http://julkaisut.valtioneuvosto.fi/handle/10024/75001</u> (eng)
- Good Practices in Assessment of the Environmental Impacts of Mining Projects (2015)
  - <u>http://tupa.gtk.fi/julkaisu/tutkimusraportti/tr\_222.pdf</u> (fin)
- Good practices on environmental impact assessment Summary of IMPERIA-project (2015)
  - <u>http://hdl.handle.net/10138/159403</u> (fin)
  - IMPERIA project:
    - https://www.jyu.fi/bioenv/osastot/luonnonvarat-jaymparisto/ymp/tutkimus-ja-julkaisut/imperia-hanke (fin)
    - <u>https://www.jyu.fi/bioenv/en/divisions/natural-resources-and-environment/ymp/research/imperia-project</u> (eng)

# Guide

Environmental Impact Assessment Procedure for Mining Projects in Finland



TYÖ- JA ELINKEINOMINISTERIÖ ARBETS- OCH NÄRINGSMINISTERIET MINISTRY OF EMPLOYMENT AND THE ECONOMY

# Topical reports and guides for best available technigues and best practices

- Research reports and articles
- Several guide books and wiki pages published recently
  - Best Environmental Practices in Metal Ore Mining http://hdl.handle.net/10138/40006
  - Mine Closure Wiki
    <u>http://wiki.gtk.fi/web/mine-closedure</u>
  - Guidelines for mine water management <u>http://www.vtt.fi/inf/pdf/technology/2016/T266.pdf</u>
  - Dam safety guide

- http://www.ymparisto.fi/en-US/Waters/Use\_of\_water\_resources/Dams\_and\_dam\_safety/Dam\_Safety\_Guide
- EU Commission Reference document on best available techniques (BAT)
  - Management of tailings and waste-rock in mining activities
    <u>http://eippcb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/reference/BREF/mmr\_adopted\_0109.pdf</u>
  - Currently under review
  - → Best Available Techniques Reference Document for the Management of Waste from the Extractive Industries in accordance with Directive 2006/21/EC (MWEI BREF)

## Role of research institutes and universities

- Applied research is in central role to increase the knowledge on new methods and technologies and best practices in mine environmental impact assessment and management e.g.
  - Environmental monitoring
  - Hydrogeology and environmental geochemistry
  - Water treatment and waste management technologies
  - Mine closure and rehabilitation
- Annually tens of Master theses and Doctoral theses studies are finalized related to mine environmental impacts and management of impacts
- Significant amount of mining environmental R&D research is conducted in research institutes and universities
- More cooperation is needed between the research organizations and universities and authorities and mine companies!





## **Recent advances in environmental management**

- Environmental monitoring
  - More reliable continuos monitoring equipment
  - Use of continuous environmental monitoring equipment is becoming more common
- Waste management
  - BAT in base structures of waste facilities
    - Geosynthetic liners, multilayers
    - Structure and quality of foundation more often studied in detail
  - More focus in waste characterization
    - R&D ongoing
    - Use of BAT methods
- Water management and water balance
  - More focus on amount of waste waters in changing operation and climate
  - Separate collection and treatment of different type of mine waters Hydrogeological and geotechnical studies
- Mine closure
  - Risk based approach
  - Proactive closure
- Focus on life-cycle approch and proactivity
  - $\rightarrow$ Towards sustainable mining and social acceptance



## **Topical research trends**

- Waste management
  - Optimizing quality and quantity of streams
  - Recycling and reuse of materials
  - Chacterization of different waste fractions
  - Long-term behavior of different wastes and mixed wastes
- Environmental effects of mining to suface waters
  - Modelling tools (e.g. Kaihali project)
  - Effects, ecotoxicity of metals and metalloids (e.g. MineView project)
  - Ecotoxicity of sulphate and remains of process chemicals?
- Environmental and biological monitoring methods
  - Continous water quality monitoring
  - Use of biological indicators
- Methods to study contaminant migration, behavior and interactions
- Utilization of the by-products in mine waste cover structures
  - Several research projects (e.g. Biopeitto)
  - Lab-scale tests
  - Field trials
- Water treatment
  - Adsorbents, biopolymers etc
  - Economically viable methods for large water volumes?



## Thank you for your attention!

## Contact: soile.backnas@ely-keskus.fi

